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Walmart, Inc. (WMT)

Q3 2023 Earnings Call

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION SECTION

Operator: Greetings. Welcome to Walmart's Fiscal Year 2023 Third Quarter Earnings Call. At this time, all participants are in a listen-only mode. A question-and-answer session will follow the formal presentation. [Operator Instructions] Please note, this conference is being recorded.

I'll now turn the conference over to Steph Wissink, Senior Vice President, Investor Relations. Steph, you may begin.

Stephanie Wissink

Senior Vice President & Head of Investor Relations, Walmart, Inc.

Thank you. Welcome to Walmart's Third Quarter Fiscal 2023 Earnings Call. I'm joined by members of our executive team, including Doug McMillon, Walmart's President and CEO; John David Rainey, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer; John Furner, President and CEO of Walmart US; Judith McKenna, President and CEO of Walmart International; and Kath McLay, President and CEO of Sam's Club.

In a few moments, Doug and John David will provide you an update on the business and discuss third quarter results. That will be followed by our question-and-answer session.

Before I turn the call over to Doug, let me remind you that today's call is being recorded and will include forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from these statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the factors identified in our filings with the SEC. Please review our press release and accompanying slide presentation for a cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements as well as our entire Safe Harbor statement and non-GAAP reconciliations on our website at stock.walmart.com.

It is now my pleasure to turn the call over to Doug McMillon.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

Good morning, everyone, and thanks for joining us to discuss our results for the third quarter. Let me highlight what you'll hear from us this morning.

First, it was a good quarter. We delivered strong results on the top line across our segments, and our value proposition is resonating with customers and members around the world. We see this in our grocery business in stores and online in key markets like the US and Mexico. Customers that came to us less frequently in the past are now shopping with us more often, including higher-income customers.

Second, we're being thoughtful and balanced about inventory levels by category and expenses as we work through the fourth quarter and position ourselves for next year. There are places where we'll remain aggressive and others where we're being more conservative.

Third, while we prioritize retail fundamentals, we're also connecting and scaling newer naturally related capabilities to our larger business so they become mutually reinforcing. Marketplace, fulfillment services, and advertising are examples.

As it relates to the third quarter, it began with top line momentum from the back-to-school season in the US and Mexico, and that continued through festivals in India, China, and through early Deals For Days events in the US. Walmex had a great quarter, and so did Sam's Club in the US as we continued our string of double-digit comp club sales growth. Kath and the team at Sam's have run double-digit comps for almost three years. We like the way those numbers compound.

As a total company, we're seeing strength in stores, clubs, and eCommerce. Transactions are positive, and our penetration of eCommerce sales continues to climb. So far this year, 13% of our total sales as a company now start in a digital fashion, and that's led by Walmart International, which is already at 20%.

With the cost of everyday items still stubbornly high in too many categories, more customers and members are choosing us for the value and assortment we're known for and they're responding to the changes we made to save them time. With this in mind, we're focusing on earning repeat business from customers who are now shopping with us more frequently than before.

For example, a strong presentation throughout fresh and apparel are priorities along with executing pickup and delivery to create a delightful experience that saves them time. And in the case of Walmart US, it also means selling more Walmart+ memberships.

As more people look to us for value, we want them to see that the experience of shopping with us is also compelling due to the new capabilities we develop. Our app experiences around the world are a place where we introduce these newer capabilities. As our app becomes more a part of daily life for our customers and members, they find that they can do so much with it like easily build a shopping cart, schedule a time to pick up an order or have it delivered when it's convenient for them, skip the line with scan & go, or find an item in their local store.

As you would expect, we're helping families stretch their dollars as we head into the holidays. The Walmart US team has set the retail prices for a typical Thanksgiving meal the same as last year. We're removing inflation on a basket of traditional Thanksgiving food items including Whole Turkeys for under \$1.00 per pound.

The members' dollar's going further at Sam's Club too, with racks of lamb and lobster tails priced more than 40% lower than last year. We're also making the everyday shopping trip better by lowering the price of the cafe hotdog combo by nearly 10% to \$1.38.

Around the world, our teams have this type of mindset. In Mexico, we've widened the price gaps in our popular Bodega format by 100 basis points this year. It's incredible value at a time when customers need it most. We're finding creative ways to relieve pressure for families across our merchandise categories and countries.

I'm proud of how our associates continue to step up. We're grateful for how they've navigated our inventory challenges this year and continued to prioritize the customer and member experience while doing so. During my store, club, and DC visits, they inspire me by the way they work together, the way they serve others, and how they're embracing change and contributing ideas to improve our business.

Looking ahead, we updated our outlook for the year on results from Q3 yet we remain balanced in our approach to the rest of Q4 and next year. Inflation is being especially stubborn in some categories like dry grocery. Living with high prices through this year has a cumulative impact on our customers, especially for those that are most budget-conscious, and so we're focused on bringing our costs and prices down as quickly as possible by item and

category. Regardless of income levels, families are more price-conscious now, so it's as important as ever that we earn their trust with value.

In just a minute, John David will share more about the guidance we gave this morning. We're working to position ourselves to succeed regardless of demand levels through value and the experience we offer and the way we're positioning inventory and expenses. We're into the details, business-by-business. This is not a time to paint with a broad brush.

We're focused on the things we can control. We delivered good expense leverage during the quarter across our segments. Strong sales growth helps, but we're also doing a good job of managing costs. And we're doing it in a sustainable way. We can keep costs in line and continue to invest in our people and technology including supply chain automation and continue to deliver value for customers, members, and shareholders.

We've made good progress to improve our inventory position. Globally, inventory is up 13% for the quarter, including 12.4% for Walmart US and 2.5% for international. Inflation drives the majority of the increase rather than units. In-stock on replenishable items and active management of seasonal item quantities and sell-throughs are the priorities. We expect this progress to continue through the fourth quarter and that we'll end the year in even better shape.

Our merchants have taken an item-by-item, category-by-category approach to match inventory with demand. We've worked through a unique period in history as we chased inventory in 2020 and 2021 and were too heavy in some general merchandise categories this year. Given where inflation remains and that economic uncertainty seems higher than normal, the quantity choice our merchants make is even more crucial than in a more normal time, back when there was such a thing as a more normal time.

We can be more aggressive on shorter lead time items like food and consumables, but we're especially sensitive to quantity decisions on longer lead time items that are imported. We're thankful to have so many experienced and talented merchants. They've accomplished a lot these past few quarters. Just like John, Kath, Judith, and the rest of the team have done, they've demonstrated good judgment and a lot of hustle.

Our flywheel continues to take shape. We're scaling our newer businesses and connecting them to our larger, established retail businesses primarily by how we design digital interactions. One example is how our growth in eCommerce, especially the marketplace, fuels our ad business. More items and sellers drive GMV and improve customer satisfaction and it also drives success in advertising. They're mutually reinforcing.

If we double click on advertising with Walmart Connect in the US, we see it's benefiting from growth in eCommerce and from improvements made within the business itself, and we've seen strong growth in return on ad spend over last year. In turn, this helped drive the highest ad spend all year for sponsored search in Q3. These improvements underscore Connect's strengths and position the business for continued growth.

We also continue to see strong growth with Flipkart ads in India. Like much of what we're doing, advertising is working for us globally because we have something unique to offer media buyers and these businesses create momentum for each other. As with advertising, growing our marketplace business also unlocks fulfillment services opportunities through both fulfillment centers and last mile delivery. We're scaling these businesses in the US and we're starting to ramp up in Mexico and Canada.

The team in Mexico increased the number of sellers on our marketplace by 20% during the quarter. In the US, the marketplace on walmart.com now offers about 370 million SKUs. That's an increase of more than 50% from Q2.

Many of these sellers want to leverage our fulfillment network. They also want to use our advertising capabilities to drive demand, and we're making that easier for them. We recently shared that all new marketplace sellers in the US will be automatically onboarded onto our self-service ad platform. We believe this seamless integration will help both businesses scale even faster.

What you see in our results is that we can run compelling stores and clubs, scale a first- and third-party eCommerce business, and connect them together in an omni-channel fashion that saves customers and members money and time. Our strategy unlocks growth opportunities for us in a thread that runs from digital retail to fulfillment and advertising and opens up even more opportunities with health and wellness and financial services. This quarter demonstrates again that we can navigate short-term challenges and build for the long-term simultaneously.

It's been my experience over all these years that Walmart is a well-positioned business and is inherently hedged. When times are good, we have room to grow. When things are more difficult, we sell things people want and need at a value and in ways they want to shop. And with new levers for growth across our flywheel, we're becoming even stronger and more resilient.

I'll close today by saying thank you for your interest in our company. We like the momentum we're creating in our business and we recognize the need for a balanced approach in the near-term given continued strains on our customers and members. Our team is focused and alert.

Happy holidays, everybody. Here's John David.

John David Rainey

Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President, Walmart, Inc.

Thanks, Doug. I'd like to start by thanking our customers, associates, and partners for helping us deliver a strong quarter. I will focus my comments on the themes Doug mentioned. First, our sales momentum and share gains; second, operational actions we're taking to improve inventory and supply chain; third, progress we're making to further connect our alternative value streams to our core business; and lastly, our guidance for the balance of the year.

Our Q3 results exceeded our expectations due to sales upside with operating expense leverage across all three business segments. While we're encouraged by our position and our confidence in our business remains high, the macro backdrop remains challenging as persistent inflation is impacting the consumer and our business.

As I discuss our results, it's important to note the charges related to the opioid legal settlement framework affect year-over-year comparisons, so my comments regarding Q3 results will focus on the business excluding adjusted items.

Total constant currency revenue grew 9.8% as our [ph] omni model (00:13:37) and strong value proposition continue to resonate with customers during this period of broad inflationary pressures. Each of our segments delivered strong sales results. Walmart US comp sales accelerated sequentially to 8.2% growth, with increases in average ticket size as well as transactions. Constant currency sales in Walmart International were strong, up 13.3%, led by Flipkart and Walmex, while Sam's Club US delivered its 11th consecutive quarter of double-digit comps with growth of 10.3% excluding fuel and tobacco.

Our purpose of saving people money has never been more important as inflation remains consistently high. High fuel prices and mid-teens food inflation have forced consumers to manage household budgets more tightly

making frequent trade-offs and biasing spending toward everyday essentials. We continue to manage pricing in a way that preserves our price gaps while gaining market share profitably.

Walmart is well-positioned to serve customers and gain greater trip frequency during tougher economic periods, and we have even more tools to do so in this cycle. For example, we've continued to gain grocery market share from households across income demographics, with nearly three-quarters of the share gain coming from those exceeding \$100,000 in annual income. This quarter, our private brand penetration in food categories increased about 130 basis points, reflecting customers' increased focus on quality products at value prices. We observed incremental trade-down in categories including proteins, baking goods, baby, and dog food.

We're working hard to keep prices low and help ease the burden to make customers' lives better. This includes working with vendors to reduce product costs and minimize inflation impacts on final goods pricing.

Consolidated gross margin rate decreased 89 basis points. More than half of the decline was due to markdowns and sales mix in the US. The remaining headwind reflects a \$113 million LIFO charge at Sam's Club due to inflation and the timing of sales events in International, including Flipkart's Big Billion Days.

Notably, the rate of decline in gross margin improved from 2Q as inventory remediation efforts are progressing. We've been very targeted in reducing certain categories of inventory in our system. And our actions included canceling orders and increasing the level of markdowns. The team has done a really good job addressing our inventory situation as reflected by Q3 inventory being up only 13% versus last year including 12.4% growth in Walmart US.

In aggregate, this level represents a more than 10-percentage-point improvement versus the end of Q2. Notably, about 70% of the year-over-year increase relates to inflation. We feel good about our ability to sell through the majority of this in Q4 and expect continued year-over-year improvement even when including the effects of inflation.

We saw stronger expense leverage this quarter as selling, general, and administrative expenses leveraged 75 basis points due primarily to higher sales and lower COVID costs. We're focused on what we can control and continue to work down inventory levels and manage general and administrative expenses tightly.

Taking all this together, adjusted operating income on a constant currency basis increased 4.6%. GAAP EPS was a loss of \$0.66, but adjusted EPS was \$1.50. The difference between adjusted and GAAP EPS reflects a \$1.11 impact from unrealized losses on equity investments, primarily JD.com, and a \$1.05 charge related to the opioid litigation settlement framework. We're pleased that our adjusted EPS outperformed the guidance we provided in August due primarily to better operating expense leverage on higher sales across the business.

Operating cash flow for the year-to-date period decreased \$600 million to \$15.7 billion primarily due to the timing of certain payments and a decrease in operating income partially offset by moderated inventory purchases.

During the quarter, we returned \$4.5 billion to shareholders through dividend and share repurchases. We're committed to continuing to provide strong cash returns to shareholders while still appropriately investing in our business for the long-term. And our board has just approved a new \$20 billion share repurchase authorization that we expect to utilize over the next several years.

Let me briefly reference key highlights by segment. For Walmart US, comp sales momentum accelerated in Q3 with a two-year stack of 17.4%, up 570 basis points from Q2. Monthly sales gains were relatively consistent

throughout the quarter. Food sales continued to lead with mid-teens growth. We're particularly encouraged to see year-over-year growth in food units sold after experiencing a slight decline last quarter.

We also continue to make good progress on improving in-stock levels in our grocery business despite the heavy volumes we're experiencing. Inflation remained high, up mid-teens percentage in food categories, reflecting an 80-basis-point step-up compared to levels at the end of Q2. We've seen incremental levels of inflation month-over-month be less significant, but it's not clear if this represents a sustainable trend. However, we believe our strong price positioning is contributing to share gains as we attract value-seeking customers across the household income spectrum.

General merchandise sales declined low-single digits with softness in electronics, home, and apparel. eCommerce accelerated sequentially to 16% growth even as store transactions continued to grow. We experienced strength in pickup and delivery from stores, marketplace, fulfillment services, and advertising.

Gross profit rate decreased 77 basis points due primarily to higher markdowns and product mix headwinds but the team delivered strong SG&A expense leverage of 60 basis points, reflecting higher sales and lower COVID costs. As a result, we delivered better than expected operating income growth of nearly 5%.

Walmart International delivered strong sales results, with sales up 13.3% in constant currency despite continued macro headwinds. ECommerce sales on a constant currency basis were exceptionally strong, up 46% in the quarter. The earlier timing of Flipkart's Big Billion Days event was also a benefit to sales results.

Currency negatively affected reported sales results by about \$1.5 billion. Each of our major markets delivered positive comp sales led by a great quarter from Walmex, with comp sales growth of 11.7% reflecting strong performance in Bodega stores, Sam's Clubs, and 17% growth in eCommerce.

In China, comp sales were up 5.6%, reflecting strong eCommerce growth as well as strength at Sam's Club. ECommerce sales grew 63% and penetration reached 41% of sales.

Canada comp sales increased more than 5%, and in October, we launched Walmart fulfillment services in Canada where sellers of all sizes on the digital marketplace can now contract with us to take care of their inventory storage and logistics needs. The new offering will provide faster shipping of customer orders within a two-day window to 95% of Canadians.

In India, Flipkart had a great quarter with strong customer response to our Big Billion Days event which moved forward into Q3 this year from Q4 last year. We had over 1 billion visits to our site during the eight-day event, and importantly, saw more than 60% of those customers coming from Tier 2 and Tier 3 cities.

PhonePe also continues to perform well with annualized total payment volume, or TPV, now over \$920 billion and reaching a record level of monthly transactions to about \$3.6 billion. This was the first time PhonePe had a quarter with more than 10 billion transactions.

International segment operating income was better than expected and increased 3.2% in constant currency led by Walmex and China.

In Sam's Club US, we had another strong quarter with comp sales up more than 10% excluding fuel and tobacco and an increase of more than 25% on a two-year stack. Both comp transactions and average ticket increased about 5%, and eCommerce sales grew 20% with strength in curbside orders and ship to home.

Membership income was up 8%, with another record high quarter in overall member counts and an all-time high plus member penetration. Sam's leveraged expenses 68 basis points due primarily to higher sales. This helped offset a decline in gross profit rate due primarily to a 53 basis point or \$113 million inflation-related LIFO charge.

For the quarter, Sam's operating income increased more than 18% with fuel and nearly 8% excluding fuel and including the impact of the LIFO charge. Combining these results with my comments about international, you can see Sam's Club is performing well around the world and we're pleased with the leverage we see across markets with Member's Mark as an example.

As we navigate changes to our external environment, we continue to advance our strategic initiatives that were enabled by our omni-channel retail capabilities. Globally, as we're building a larger eCommerce business, we're scaling our marketplace which unlocks and strengthens our fulfillment and advertising businesses and expands the number of families that choose to be members.

Across our segments, eCommerce is enabling deeper engagement with customers and members that helps drive strategic growth in our alternative value streams. New sellers in our US Marketplace are contributing to our advertising growth, and we added more than 8,000 sellers in Q3. Third party build-out helps diversify and strengthen our product assortment which now includes more than 370 million SKUs. Strong digital advertising growth continued this quarter, increasing over 30% on a global basis led by 40% growth in Walmart Connect in the US and Flipkart ads in India.

As we focus on membership, our ability to leverage our data improves so we continue to sign on more customers to our data ventures offering, Walmart Luminate, and the number of Walmart+ memberships continues to grow. We gained some of these new Walmart+ members after expanding our last mile delivery capabilities through a fourfold increase since January and the number of pickup points serviced by the Spark Driver platform.

We're making good progress in fulfillment and automation. The Spark Driver platform now serves customers in all 50 states for more than 10,000 pickup points with the ability to reach 84% of all US households. This coverage includes a growing revenue stream from businesses utilizing Walmart GoLocal, our delivery as a service offering, that has already made over 1 million deliveries since launching last year.

Building Walmart fulfillment services in the US, Mexico, and now also in Canada has been an important asset in growing our seller base as they seek an integrated omni-sales and fulfillment solution. For example, almost 30% of orders on Walmex's marketplace are now being fulfilled using Walmart fulfillment services which was launched a year ago.

In September, we opened a next-gen fulfillment center in Illinois. This 1.1 million-square-foot facility features robotics, machine learning, and automated storage resulting in increased productivity and a better service for our customers at faster delivery times. And last week, we acquired Alert Innovation as we expand our market fulfillment center build-out. MFCs are positioned inside or attached to Walmart Supercenters and use robotics and AI to fill online orders more quickly.

We're putting the building blocks in place to deliver powerful mutually reinforcing ecosystem that not only benefits customers and partners but also shareholders with more than durable and diversified earnings streams.

Turning to guidance, in this period of macroeconomic uncertainty, we believe that we are well equipped to continue gaining market share in an environment where consumers need to stretch their dollars further. We will

continue to advocate for customers and work with our supplier partners to maintain strong price gaps and deliver lower relative pricing versus competitors. We're also navigating real inflation on our own cost structure and continue to seek ways to reduce cost and improve leverage potential.

With these considerations in mind, we're maintaining a balanced approach to our guidance incorporating a cautious view on the consumer together with our confidence in our ability to execute. We're updating fiscal year 2023 guidance to reflect the Q3 upside and leaving our sales and profit assumptions for Q4 unchanged.

Despite a good start to Q4, our guidance assumes that the consumer could slow spending, especially in general merchandise categories given persistent inflationary pressures in food and consumables. Our guidance provides flexibility to compete in a promotional environment, accounts for pricing action to reduce remaining excess inventory, and anticipates ongoing mix pressure.

For Q4, we expect net sales growth of about 3% including comp sales growth of about 3% for Walmart US, with food and consumables growth continuing to outpace general merchandise. We expect year-over-year operating income within a range of a 1% increase to a 1% decrease, and adjusted EPS is expected to decrease 3% to 5% including higher year-over-year tax and interest expenses.

For the full year, incorporating the Q3 upside, we now expect net sales growth of about 5.5% including comp sales growth of 5.5% for Walmart US. On an adjusted basis, we expect operating income to decline 6.5% to 7.5% and EPS to decline 6% to 7%. Excluding the effect of divestitures and on an adjusted basis, this would translate into net sales growth of 6.5% and a decline in operating income of 5.5% to 6.5% and a decline in EPS of 5% to 6%.

Looking beyond Q4, we know some of the unanticipated cost experienced this year shouldn't repeat next year. That said, we're planning our business with the assumption that inflation remains somewhat elevated. In addition, we've had significant currency headwinds this year. Based on year-to-date results and current FX rates, we estimate a year-over-year sales headwind for this fiscal year of \$4.1 billion from currency and a potential sales headwind of about \$3 billion next year.

Also, as we've had \$236 million in LIFO charges this year at Sam's Club, we're likely to experience LIFO charges in Walmart US as well next year. Based on current assumptions, these LIFO charges next year for both Walmart US and Sam's Club could approximate roughly \$1 billion of gross profit headwind.

It's important to note that inflation, inventory levels, and additional factors that are challenging to predict will influence the aggregate amount. We're committed to providing you ongoing updates to the assumptions as we report our quarterly results.

And with that, we'd be happy to take your questions.

QUESTION AND ANSWER SECTION

Operator: Thank you. We'll now be conducting a question-and-answer session. [Operator Instructions] Thank you. And our first question comes from the line of Kate McShane with Goldman Sachs. Please proceed with your question.

Kate McShane

Analyst, Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

Q

Hi. Good morning. Thanks for taking our question. We wanted to focus on inventories. We just wondered how much remains from the spring inventory, how you would describe your in-stocks for Q4 versus last year, and you also mentioned you'd be aggressive in some places when it came to inventories. Is that just in the shorter lead time categories, or can it be anywhere else? Thank you.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

A

We should answer that question across all three segments, but, John, why don't you go first?

John R. Furner

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart U.S., Walmart, Inc.

A

Sure. Hey, good morning, Kate. A couple things on inventory. First, I think the team here and the merchant supply chain teams have done a really nice job improving the year-on-year results from second quarter into the end of third quarter, as we said earlier up, about 12.4%. That's down from just over 26% in the second quarter.

The first thing I think that's important to consider if you look back over the quarters of the year in Q1 when we were the highest, the majority of the extra inventory was in supply chain and part of the backlog problem, then in the second quarter that balanced more evenly between stores and the total. And in this quarter at the end of Q3 what we see is an increase of 12.4% but the stores are still heavy. So the inventory has moved from the supply chain to a balanced and now it's in the store.

And when you look at the dollar amount that's up, about 70% of it, three-fourths of it roughly is inflation and the rest we can approximate to pretty significant improvements in in-stock over last year. Last year we were quite low, so we see a really decent improvement in in-stock.

And then specifically on your last question, probably around something just under \$1 billion – around \$1 billion would be what [ph] will be considered (00:32:53) excess. That's down pretty significantly, about a third of where we were at the end of Q2. So we're making improvements. Apparel and certain categories in GM are the heavy categories, and we'll continue to work through those. And just a reminder, we said at the beginning of Q1, we needed a couple quarters to work through the inventory and we continue to do that. And John David did mention in his comments earlier that there is room in our forecast to continue making progress on inventory. But I was in an import center last week and the inbound is in really good shape, the orders are in line. So I think the team have done a really nice job adjusting to the end of the year.

Judith McKenna

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart International, Walmart, Inc.

A

Yeah, for International, we're up just 2.5% for the quarter. While there's some helpful tailwind in that from currency, the underlying quarter-on-quarter has reduced over the last three quarters and we're in a pretty healthy shape across all of the markets around the world. Of course, there are a couple of pockets here and there that we'll continue to focus on as we go through Q4. But I'm actually really pleased from an in-stock level, because last holiday season, we definitely had areas where we were light and I'm encouraged to see each market being in a good place going through [ph] each of (00:34:09) this holiday season.

Kathryn J. McLay

President & Chief Executive Officer-Sam's Club, Walmart, Inc.

A

And from a Sam's perspective, our inventory is up 36%. I think 50% of that increase is us actually being in-stock to your question. So as Doug and John David talked about, we've had 11 consecutive quarters of double-digit comp growth. We have been chasing in-stock for the last two-and-a-half years and we're finally in a great position from an in-stock going into the holiday event period. So strong in-stock is 50% of it. 30% of it is inflation, and the rest is kind of some [ph] big bets (00:34:45) we did going into kind of Christmas. So we're really happy with the quality of our inventory and kind of leaning forward into the rest of the year.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

A

Kate, this is Doug. Thanks for your question. I would just point out that we handle inventory and think about inventory in two different categories. The first category is replenishable merchandise where we want to be in stock all the time. Even though we were heavy in inventory through the course of this year so far, we did not let up on trying to get in stock on replenishable goods and wouldn't want to do that.

That second category of non-replenishable items which are often [indiscernible] (00:35:20), we're managing that aggressively category by category and don't want to get too conservative. There're some places where we should still play offense through this quarter and into next year.

And then lastly, I think it was appropriate for us the last couple of quarters to break out how much inventory we wish we didn't have. That number is getting down to the point where we probably won't be talking about that going forward because we always have some inventory we don't want even in a more normal circumstance. So we made a lot of progress, feeling a lot better about it.

Kate McShane

Analyst, Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC

Q

Thank you.

Operator: Our next question is from the line of Bob Drbul with Guggenheim. Please proceed with your question.

Robert Drbul

Analyst, Guggenheim Securities LLC

Q

Hi. Good morning. Just following up a little bit, on the inventory side, a couple things. Can you talk about sort of the vendor reception to reducing product costs that you mentioned on the call? And I guess the other piece of this is, I think it was \$1 billion LIFO charge or the expectation. Can you just talk about your assumptions around inflation over the coming quarters and what the offsets are as you think about that as we proceed throughout the next year? Thanks.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

A

I'll take the supplier question first. We're not really changing what we've always done. We are trying to find ways with our current suppliers to get costs down, provide value to customers and members, and we're trying to be creative about it. And in some instances, some suppliers are more aggressive than others, and we welcome that. And we're going to try to do the best job we can category-by-category, item-by-item of getting prices down as we head through next year. That's been consistent. That's the way we always behave, and there's not really anything different as it relates to that.

John David Rainey

Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President, Walmart, Inc.

A

Sure, Bob. This is John David. I'll take the LIFO aspect of your question. First, I'd say, the core business is continuing to perform pretty well in the face of a difficult macro environment, but we do have headwinds next year as we called out, both currency as well as the LIFO charge. The LIFO charge is a result of the inflationary environment that we're in and it's heavily dependent upon what our inflation and inventory assumptions are next year. For planning purposes, we're basically assuming that prices stay where they are. The result on a year-over-year basis from an inflation perspective would be a little north of 3%, so a little greater than 3%. And to the extent that that changes, that affects that \$1 billion estimate, but I think it's important to note that to the extent that we get back to a deflationary retail cost environment, this \$1 billion headwind actually reverses out as a benefit in latter periods.

Robert Drbul

Analyst, Guggenheim Securities LLC

Q

Great. Thank you very much.

Operator: Our next question is from the line of Robby Ohmes with Bank of America. Please proceed with your question.

Robert F. Ohmes

Analyst, Bank of America Merrill Lynch

Q

Hey. Good morning. Great quarter. Just actually I had two questions. One, just a follow-up. I think, Doug, you might have mentioned a strong start to the fourth quarter. The others have sort of mentioned maybe a slower start to the holiday shopping season because of the pull-forward last year. And I was just curious if you could give any color on if you're seeing any of that kind of behavior.

And then my second question, just a separate question, which is private label was called out. Could you all remind us the private label capabilities at Walmart US and how much that could grow from here?

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

A

As it relates to the strong start – Robby, this is Doug, and then I'll toss it to John. It's – the quarter has just started. And as John David said in his remarks, we're trying to build in some conservatism. I think the fact that we're strong in food and consumables is relevant here and we mentioned that annual event activity that we've experienced so far is in the range of what we would expect generally. So it's just early days. We'll see how the rest of the quarter goes.

John R. Furner

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart U.S., Walmart, Inc.

A

Good morning, Robby. Let me talk about private brand, but more broadly first, we want to be positioned for customers, whatever they want whenever they want it, between the stores, pickup, delivery, eCommerce, Walmart InHome. We're prepared and positioned well to serve a variety of customers. And that would include merchandise strategies like private brand, and we've been pretty open over the years that we don't necessarily manage private brand to a specific target. But what we do in private brand is develop great quality items at great values and then we are there for customers in whatever situation that they're in.

And we've seen some customers this year trade into private brands more than they did in the previous year. That's not necessarily true of all customers. Customers shop differently depending on the position that they're in. And one of the things John David said that's important is a large percentage – the majority of our share gains in the last quarter have come from high-end customers. So we want to be ready to serve customers with great quality, great value private brand items. We also want to be able to serve customers well with premium items, and we definitely see that in channels like eCommerce and pickup.

Robert F. Ohmes

Analyst, Bank of America Merrill Lynch

Q

Great. Thank you.

Operator: Our next question comes from the line of Corey Tarlowe with Jefferies. Please proceed with your question.

Corey Tarlowe

Analyst, Jefferies LLC

Q

Hi. Good morning. And congratulations on the strong quarter, and thank you for taking my questions. So I have a two-part question, first on International for Judith, and second on Sam's Club for Kath. So, firstly on International, net sales were up a strong 13%. I know you highlighted Flipkart, but can you further unpack maybe what drove that growth and what you see driving continued success in this segment ahead?

And then secondly, on Sam's Club, I believe the company's driven close to 11 consecutive quarters of double-digit comp growth or close to three years. What do you attribute this continued and consistent growth to? And how should we be thinking about this momentum as we head into holiday and next year? And then could you also touch a little bit on how you're seeing memberships trend? I know you mentioned that there's an uptick there that continues to be strong as memberships are reaching record levels.

Judith McKenna

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart International, Walmart, Inc.

A

Yeah, Let me start with the International business and thank you for the question. Yes, we saw a really strong quarter for International at 13%. Sales growth was encouraging. The real stories in here are that we are really starting to see the benefits of the diversification and portfolio work that we did over the last few years. That's led us to being able to focus where it matters across the International portfolio. And I'm definitely seeing the benefit of that as we look across the last couple of quarters of growth and profitability that we've seen.

For the quarter specifically, maybe two markets to call out. We called out Flipkart, but to give you a little bit of color on that, the Big Billion Day event fell into Q3 for this year. It was in Q4 last year. That created some kind of

differences in our results between Q3 and Q4, which we've called out. But that is an event which is designed to try to bring new customers on board for Flipkart, and it looks to have been successful in doing that again. 1 billion visits over the eight days of the event shows you the amount of traffic that that generates and those customers shopping many of them for the first time. So Flipkart continues to meet our expectations and we've been pleased with [ph] their quota (00:42:58).

The other market I would call out is Mexico. So a really strong result from Mexico. They saw double-digit sales growth and strong profit growth as well. What's really encouraging there is not only their focus on their core business but equally the focus that they're having on building out solutions for customers across their ecosystem. So their [ph] Cash payments business, their Bytes (00:43:23) Telecom business, their emerging health care businesses are all helping drive that customer connectivity back into the business. And they're proving to be a real powerhouse for the International segment.

Across the other markets, maybe the only other market that I would highlight is China which leads the way from an eCommerce perspective. So our eCommerce penetration for the quarter was 23% but we also saw in China a 41% eCommerce penetration and we're learning a lot from that market about how to deal with those kind of volumes of deliveries and eCommerce as well in Sam's Club and is a real great format there for us and sharing much of the private brand and much of the innovation at Sam's Club in the US is bringing through.

I think it is that focus on the core business making sure that our omni-channel capabilities around the world that are strong and also in looking at how we can make sure that we build out these ecosystems which are mutually reinforcing is what will help drive us for the future too.

Kathryn J. McLay

President & Chief Executive Officer-Sam's Club, Walmart, Inc.

A

And thank you for the question about Sam's growth. I think we have a pretty simple flywheel that's been sitting at the heart of driving the growth over the last three years. And it all starts with creating a [ph] member-obsessed (00:44:45) culture. If you do that, you can't help but create items and services that members love. If you create items members love, you can buy deep and get cost advantages that you pass on to the member, and if you have great items at disruptive prices and you open up the channels of access like Judith talked about, then you can't help but drive membership income.

And as we've driven that, we've been able to take some of the funds back and invest it in our associates who then help create this member-first culture. And that is the flywheel that's just been fueling the 11 quarters of double-digit comp.

I think as you kind of look at that, you can also see our membership income has been up kind of high-single digits over that kind of three-year period as well. And so it's a really just reinforcing flywheel. If you think about Member's Mark, our Member's Mark item is actually made with and for our members, so we have 40,000 members who give us counsel on the items before we launch them to market which means that they always launch successfully and we end up with about a 4.2 star rating minimum on our Member's Mark items. That's creating items that members love and they ensure that they're successful when they launch. That's part of the magic that's sitting in that growth of 11 quarters.

Corey Tarlowe

Analyst, Jefferies LLC

Q

Great. Thank you very much, and best of luck.

Operator: The next question comes from the line of Kelly Bania with BMO Capital Markets. Please proceed with your questions.

Kelly Bania

Analyst, BMO Capital Markets Corp.

Q

Hi. Good morning. Thanks for taking our questions. I wanted to just talk a little bit about the general merchandise business at Walmart US. Just curious how you think you're performing on that side from a market share perspective and if there's strategies to better leverage the very strong traffic on the grocery side of the business, and also, just how do you think the promotional activity continued or contributed to the performance there, because it looks like some of the categories that did perform well, lawn and garden, automotive, were maybe the categories that were not quite as promotional but maybe you could just help us understand how that played out in the quarter.

John R. Furner

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart U.S., Walmart, Inc.

A

Good morning. First, I think something you said that is really important. The traffic that comes from food and consumables is where a lot of our shopping journeys begin and over the last few years, we've positioned the business to have a strong online pickup delivery business from stores which includes an omni-channel approach which enables customers to shop the entire business any way that they want to.

In the last quarter specifically I think there's been really good progress with a number of items that have come onto the marketplace including the number of sellers. So the offering has grown pretty significantly just in the last quarter. The count of items up about 50%, which positions us well in categories like apparel as we look forward and also other strong categories like home.

On the share point, I think the categories you mentioned in one of our reports would show share gains and others. We feel pretty good about the overall market share remaining in a positive position through the quarter. So for the next three months, we're really focused on delivering and executing well for all of our customers. There will be a lot of holiday spending as people prepare for gifts. Doug mentioned earlier that our first annual event was basically in line with expectations. But there's a lot of daylight between now and the end of the quarter, still 75 days to go, so we're really focused on the next few weeks as we lead into December and get ready for the holiday period.

Operator: Our next question is from the line of Simeon Gutman with Morgan Stanley. Please proceed with your question.

Simeon Ari Gutman

Analyst, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Q

Good morning, everyone. A two-part question. First, on the third quarter, we – you had set it up conservatively, and this came in much better. Can you talk about what's changed? Is it clearing of inventory? Inflation definitely picked up, but your transactions did too. And maybe it seems like you have some pricing power.

And then the second question is maybe to John David the timing of LIFO. Is it – a lot of companies experienced a lot of LIFO pressure during 2022 because of how high inflation was. Why has it lagged? Is it because you lagged the pricing that you let through into your price? Is there some other dynamic with LIFO that had some reserves? Anyway, just wondering why it's hitting you next year.

John David Rainey

Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President, Walmart, Inc.

A

Sure, Simeon. I'll take both those pieces. On 3Q, I think there's a couple things that stand out in terms of the performance relative to our guidance. First is as we talked about in our prepared remarks, we gained share during the period, which in this time of high inflation that's putting pressure on the consumers, it shows that our value proposition is more relevant than ever.

At the same time, there's also been an extreme focus on the expense side of the business. And so you see that we leveraged by almost 80 basis points in the quarter as we're continuing to focus on providing the best products to our customers but in the most efficient way that we can. And so those will be the two areas that I would call out that are most notable in terms of the outperformance.

With respect to LIFO, what we've experienced this year with the over \$200 million of LIFO charges has been entirely related to Sam's. Sam's uses the weighted average cost method for their inventory accounting. Walmart uses [ph] RAM (00:50:47), retail inventory method. And so there's a slight nuance difference there that results in the lag. But our expectation given that we think that these prices will persist, is that Walmart US will then – will soon begin incurring these charges as well. In terms of the timing of next year, it's more front-loaded than the back half of the year.

Simeon Ari Gutman

Analyst, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Q

Thank you.

Operator: The next question is from the line of Chuck Grom with Gordon Haskett. Please proceed with your question.

Chuck Grom

Analyst, Gordon Haskett Research Advisors

Q

Thanks. Good morning. And congrats to the team. Doug, in your prepared remarks, you said customers that came to us less frequently in the past are now shopping with us more often. Can you flesh that comment out a little bit more for us? I think it's interesting. I'm curious the timeframe that you're speaking to.

And then regionally, just curious if there was any call-outs in the quarter particularly in California with the rebate checks paid out in the month of October.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

A

Yeah, I'll respond to the first one, and, John, you can help. As it relates to customers shopping with us more frequently, this share gain with people making more than \$100,000 household income is what I was referring to. As you would expect, just about everybody, if I think about the US, it's probably true in Mexico and other places too, shops at Walmart at some point. A lot of people may come to us for Tide or come to us for bananas, but they [ph] may not buy (00:52:17) a T-shirt or sweater. We've got really high market shares in some general merchandise categories which would tell you a lot of America shops at Walmart. And during a period of time when people are more sensitive to price, it makes sense that they would increase the amount of their wallet that would be coming to Walmart because of value. So that's what's happening.

So that leads you to the second question, which is can you keep them? And I think some of the things John mentioned a minute ago like pickup and delivery help, but as I mentioned in my remarks, fresh food and apparel are other areas, home is another one where if we can stand tall during this period, we think they'll keep coming back to us because we do have quality, we do have value, and we've created a lot more ways for them to save time in the store and with pickup and delivery. So that's what we're out to do.

John R. Furner

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart U.S., Walmart, Inc.

A

Yeah, that's exactly right. Good morning, Chuck. Yeah, the business has really positioned itself to be an omni business, so we're ready for customers however they want to shop. Certainly, I would just repeat that in higher income customer groups, we're seeing more and more often, but we're also seeing more digital engagements with customers, more app downloads, more users, people shopping more frequently, and I think that speaks to the strength of the flexibility of what we've built. And for a long time, we talked about the value of a store customer plus shopping on eComm how much more valuable that was. We see that accelerate when it's pickup, eCommerce and stores. So going forward, you'll hear us talk about this more and more as an omni-offer, which is really flexible for the customer. And doing things like having options for Thanksgiving meal that are priced the same as last year are really helpful in a time when customers are feeling the pressure of inflation.

And then the last thing regionally no real differences to report in the third quarter across the geographies. We saw strength in many geographies. So I wouldn't say that there's anything that would be a real standout in terms of one region being much stronger than others. The formats were strong across the board and we saw consistency throughout the quarter.

Operator: Thank you. Our next question is from the line of Michael Lasser with UBS. Please proceed with your question.

Michael Lasser

Analyst, UBS Securities LLC

Q

Good morning. Thanks a lot for taking my question. I have two questions. First for Doug. At the start of your prepared remarks, Doug, you mentioned that you're aiming to bring down prices for consumers. As we move into next year, it's likely that some of the pressures that caused all the inflation in consumer goods will start to recede. How is Walmart going to handle that? Could you actually see prices come down? And that's important given that Walmart tends to be the price setter across a lot of consumer goods and you're going to have this growing pool of alternative profit from what you can actually support lower prices into next year.

And then my follow-up question is for John David. John David, you provided a couple of [ph] use (00:55:35) parameters for how to think about 2023 between the \$1 billion LIFO headwind to gross margin and the \$3 billion of FX drag to sales next year. Does that mean we should expect that 2023 is going to be a sub algo year for Walmart of achieving 4% top line growth and 4.5% operating income growth? And then you'll get that back in 2024 when some of those headwinds recede such that the combination of those two years should produce the algorithm? Thank you very much.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

A

Yeah, Michael, this is Doug. The algorithm is the first thing that came to mind when you asked the question about how we'll approach prices. The 4% and greater than 4% numbers are certainly on our mind and that indicates that we think we can grow the operating income percentage of the company over time.

As we navigate next year, that will be one factor that we're thinking about. Obviously we'll be thinking about customers and members as well and driving top line and growing share. So we'll be navigating it basically week-to-week, month-to-month as things change. And commodities like protein categories have already started to respond. They move quickly based on demand. There will be volatility in categories like fresh food. The general merchandise categories have started to move as demand softens and things like transportation costs change. We've seen some downward movement in general merchandise, and I think that'll continue, if I had to guess, into next year to some degree. And we'll manage margins in a price gap in general merchandise department-by-department, category-by-category as we always do, but have an eye towards leading down while protecting profitability as much as we can.

I think dry grocery consumables will be more stubborn. Wage rates have gone up and that won't change and some input costs have been high for those categories. That's the area where we need to partner even more with our suppliers and come up with more creative solutions and try to do the best we can of relieving that pressure for customers and members.

When you add it all up, we'll watch our price gaps. We like where our price gaps are. As you have heard us say many times, we understand where price gaps need to be to drive our sales and then we manage the rest of the pieces to consider operating income and return on investment.

John David Rainey

Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President, Walmart, Inc.

A

Yeah, Michael, with the second part of that question, while I wasn't here when we first talked about the growth algorithm, I'm quite certain that the team did not contemplate a \$1 billion LIFO charge in that number or the FX headwind. So I would encourage you to think about that over a multiyear basis. That's a framework to think about the opportunity that we have in our business. We're calling that out now because it's a headwind that we recognize we're going to encounter. But that shouldn't take away from the tremendous growth opportunities that we have with our changing business model, moving more to a scaled omni-channel retailer as we invest in things like marketplace, advertising, fulfillment services, and so all of those things give us a lot of conviction that that growth algorithm is well in place. But I would encourage you to think about that over a multiyear period.

Michael Lasser

Analyst, UBS Securities LLC

Q

Could I clarify that really quick? John David, if you're expecting the \$1 billion headwind to gross margin from LIFO in, let's say, the next two or three quarters, does that mean you would get it back in the subsequent two or three quarters based on everything that you know today?

John David Rainey

Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President, Walmart, Inc.

A

That's the right way to think about it, Michael. I don't want to be so specific as to say the number of quarters or which quarters, but over the past call it 35 years, we've generally been either because of our business model of everyday low prices or just kind of what's happening with retail prices in general, we've generally been in a deflationary retail cost environment. We don't expect to live in this era of high inflation forever. I certainly hope not. And so if we do get back to what we've seen over the last three decades, you would expect that to reverse out in a reasonably quick time period. So this is not something that if we get back to a normal environment, it's going to take years to reverse out. So what you said is generally correct. I can't be so specific as to be, say, which quarters they're going to happen, though.

Michael Lasser

Analyst, UBS Securities LLC

Thank you very much, and have a great holiday.

Q

John David Rainey

Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President, Walmart, Inc.

You too.

A

Operator: The next question comes from the line of Peter Benedict with Baird. Please proceed with your question.

Peter Sloan Benedict

Analyst, Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc.

Hey guys. Good morning. Just a couple quick ones. First, just, John David, maybe you guys – you talked a lot about the flywheel, the new capabilities. Understanding that those are all integrated into the business in different ways, how should we be thinking about the impact that can have on the business either currently or over the next few years? Any way you can help us frame that?

Q

And then the second question is just around the trade down and the increase in private brand penetration. Just curious how the pace and magnitude of that shift that you guys are seeing compares to maybe past periods where we've had economic stress. Is it similar? Is it happening more acutely? Just, those are my two questions. Thanks so much.

John David Rainey

Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President, Walmart, Inc.

Sure. I'll take the first part of that, and then pass it on to John for the second part of the question. One of the things, Peter, that excites me the most about this business is the opportunity that we have going forward with a changing business model that is really reflective of where consumer patterns are shifting to. We've seen the world move more online. I think we are unique in our ability to be a skilled omni-channel retailer. And so when you consider things like advertising or fulfillment services, these are areas of our business that not only are faster growing, they have a higher margin associated with them.

A

And so that's included when we contemplate our growth algorithm. And so hopefully, we look up a number of years from now and we've got a much more diverse and durable earnings stream that – also there's a different multiple ascribed to those earnings streams than what exists today. We're quite excited about the opportunity in front of us.

John R. Furner

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart U.S., Walmart, Inc.

And hey, Peter. This is John. I'll just talk about private brand for a second. What we've seen really for the last three years up until Q1 of this year was a flat private brand penetration, not much movement in 2019, 2020, 2021 and then the movement, the trading to private brands from other brands really started in about March of this year. And then as we said in the quarter, it's increased its penetration in the food categories by about 130 basis points. So a relatively decent amount has moved into private brands.

A

As far as comparisons to prior periods, I think the last time we would be able to say anything about it is probably 12 to 13 years ago. So I don't think I'd have anything today to offer with specificity other than what we've seen in the last three quarters is quite a bit of switching amongst some consumers. Now, there are other consumers that are trading to Walmart that are not trading in private brands. They're branded customers and they're buying more premium items. So again, I would just repeat the fact that we've positioned ourselves in terms of merchandising in the portfolio and with the channels by which we serve customers in a very flexible way so that we can help customers in whatever economic situation they're in and we'll be ready for the rest of the year.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

A

I think what you guys have done on the Thanksgiving meal is a great example of how we're helping relieve pressure. There're, Peter, a group of items that make up kind of the scratch cooking aspects of Thanksgiving, 25 items for \$88, the same as last year. That's one basket. We've looked at Thanksgiving baskets in different ways and taken other actions on products that are more convenient, not scratch, like our \$71 for 17 different items. That alleviates a need to switch. These are – some of these are branded items. I think that's a great example of how we can step up and absorb some of this to help families that need it most. And I'm really pleased to see you guys take that action.

Peter Sloan Benedict

Analyst, Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc.

Q

Appreciate the perspective. Thanks, guys.

Operator: Thank you. Our next question is from the line of Scott Mushkin with R5 Capital. Please proceed with your questions.

Scott Mushkin

Analyst, R5 Capital LLC

Q

Hey, guys. Thanks for fitting me in here. So I guess I want to get back to the idea of [indiscernible] (01:04:36) what Michael was talking about with the inflation receding. I guess the big wild card in that is if we get a big inflation going away, where does demand – underlying demand – it would suggest maybe underlying demand is being destroyed potentially. And so how do you guys think of your business if we move through that type of environment?

John David Rainey

Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President, Walmart, Inc.

A

Sure. I'll start and others can jump in. This is John David. Look, one of the biggest impacts on our business this year has been the change in mix, particularly as we think about the US business where the margin profile is different on general merchandise versus food and consumables. We don't have an assumption that that bounces back rapidly next year. And with continued high prices, the consumer continuing to be pressured, we expect to have that mix effect prolong into next year.

And so I know there's hope that things would bounce back and certainly some of the one-time costs that we've incurred this year related to supply chain are not going to repeat next year, but the consumer is stressed. One of the things that's assisted that thus far is relatively strong balance sheets among consumers assisted by stimulus payments. That's not going to last forever. And so that's why we take a rather cautious view on the consumer. But at the same time, as all of us have mentioned, this is when our value proposition really shines when customers are looking for value, and it's not just value, it's also product assortment. One of the things that John mentioned

and I think is worth repeating but it's not just the 370 million SKUs that we're offering between first-party and third-party eCommerce, it's the acceleration of that. That's a 50% increase quarter-over-quarter. And it shows you that not only are we providing products at the price point that customers want, we're providing additional products and assortment for them to buy.

John R. Furner

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart U.S., Walmart, Inc.

A

And, Scott, good morning. The thing I would add and I agree with what John David said, really three parts of this. First, we have to focus on what we can control in any environment. And that would consist of [indiscernible] (01:06:50) great merchants, positioning ourselves for value, which is relative value and taking a longer-term approach to the consumer and then finally strong execution. We've made some progress with inventories. We said quarter-to-quarter from high 20s to just over 12% over the last year. So having an inventory position that's strong going into the year with some flexibility is a really important part to be able to maneuver any environment that we get into. So we'll continue to focus on those three and we'll be ready for customers and in any scenario that we find ourselves in, in the next couple of years.

Scott Mushkin

Analyst, R5 Capital LLC

Q

So as a follow-up to that, John, like if you look at the US business ex-LIFO, do you anticipate EBIT grows?

John David Rainey

Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President, Walmart, Inc.

A

We're not prepared to give guidance for next year yet. We'll talk about that more on the fourth quarter call.

John R. Furner

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart U.S., Walmart, Inc.

A

So really good try, though, Scott.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

A

We were all tempted to jump in and say something, but I think John David gave you the appropriate answer.

Scott Mushkin

Analyst, R5 Capital LLC

Q

Right. Thanks, guys.

Operator: Thank you. Our final question today comes from the line of Paul Lejuez with Citigroup. Please proceed with your question.

Paul Lejuez

Analyst, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc.

Q

Hey. Thanks, guys. Just curious, you mentioned again seeing a higher income consumer trading into your store. I'm curious if you're seeing them shop other parts of your store outside of food and grocery. Are you seeing them show up in general merchandise? And I'm kind of curious just as you look out to the environment for holiday, what do you expect in terms of the promotional cadence out there and maybe just talk about the opportunity that you have for holiday this year as well as challenges. Thanks.

John R. Furner

President & Chief Executive Officer-Walmart U.S., Walmart, Inc.

A

Hey, Paul. What's exciting about the rest of the season is we still have a couple big events this month. We're excited about Thanksgiving next week because of the way we're prepared in the food business. And then we have an event in December that we're looking forward to as well.

The customers that are trading into the brand, as I said earlier, it's a mix, which is great. We're seeing more customers more often. We're seeing them in more categories. Historically and in the last quarter, we do see a lot of new customers who come in [ph] buy our (01:09:05) food and consumables. And then through the digital experience what we did over the last really 12 months was integrate the original Walmart grocery shopping app and the walmart.com app into one place so the entire assortment up to 350-plus-million items are all there in one place. So I think we're positioned well to be able to navigate.

As far as promotions, as we said earlier, the guidance would include the ability to react to a more promotional environment, but we don't know yet. It's still mid-November and there's a lot of room between now and the end of the holidays including New Year. So again, we'll be prepared for any environment that emerges over the next few weeks.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

A

More promotional than normal, late some seasons are later than others, Christmas is a day later. This will be one of those years where we're watching sales closely up until the last minute of Christmas Eve. And then we'll do a lot of business after Christmas. We don't finish until January 31, and sometimes these quarters work out where the very end of December and January end up being stronger when people are particularly price sensitive. So that's kind of what I'm expecting.

Paul Lejuez

Analyst, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc.

Q

Thanks, guys. Best of luck.

Operator: Thank you. At this time, we've reached the end of the question-and-answer session. I'll turn the call over to Doug McMillon for closing remarks.

C. Douglas McMillon

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director, Walmart, Inc.

As always, thanks for your interest in the company. We are pleased that we had a stronger quarter. I think there's a lot to look at in the metrics that we've shared. We've shared a lot of information this morning that would indicate not only are kind of the key short-term operational metrics being managed well, but we are building a different business model.

John David talked a bit about that in his prepared remarks. We're excited to see progress in terms of how marketplace is scaling and how these businesses connect to each other. So we're not just focused on the short-term, but we are focused on the short-term as we build for the long-term. The key issue has been inventory management. And I'm really thankful to have a team with a lot of experience and able to consume a lot of data to make good choices about where we position inventory by country by category for the rest of this quarter and into next year. I'm sure there will be some things that surprise us, but we are engineered for flexibility.

And as I mentioned in my remarks, one of the things I love about this business – there's a long list of things I love, but one of the things I love are all the natural hedges. If they want to buy something, we'll sell them something else. If the price needs to be a little lower, we'll figure that out. If a problem needs to be dealt with, we'll deal with it and there will be something else going well that helps us manage the total portfolio. And that's the way I look at it. I'm excited about this holiday and the challenges in front of us, and hope you guys have a great holiday yourselves. Thank you, all.

Operator: This will conclude today's conference. You may disconnect your lines at this time. Thank you for your participation.

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